



Filea NN

Maturity	:	medium early
cooking type (EAPR)	:	A, firm cooking salad potato
resistance to nematodes	:	Ro 1, Ro 4
resistance to potato wart disease (Synchytr.)	:	none
tuber shape	:	longoval (salad type)
eye depth	:	shallow
skin	:	yellow
flesh colour	:	yellow to deep yellow
yield	:	medium
calibration	:	regular sized tubers
consumption quality	:	high quality consumption variety
discoloration after cooking	:	low (considering production)

resistances

Y-Virus (PVY)	:	very high
A-Virus (PVA)	:	high
potato leaf roll virus (PLRV)	:	medium
common scab (<i>Streptomyces scabies</i>)	:	medium
black leg (<i>Erwinia</i> spp.)	:	medium
ate blight (<i>Phytophthora infestans</i>)	:	medium
internal rust spots	:	high
processing quality	:	none
sensitivity to mechanical damage	:	high
dormancy	:	high

FILEA is a variety with high number of tubers per plant. In order to avoid the danger of greening, FILEA should be planted 2-3 cm deeper into the soil than usual. FILEA is sensitive to Sencor. Good hilling helps for a good tuberisation.

FILEA prefers sievable soil with continuous availability of water and reduced Nitrogen fertilisation.

FILEA should be harvested very carefully due to the long tuber shape. Best cooking quality, firm skin and good storing ability can only be achieved when the crop is mature at the time of harvesting.

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